

THE OVMRC RAMBLER

Volume 37, Number 1 - January 1994

Station VE3SHQ...

A Success Story From Scout HQ

Written By Roger Rose, VE3XRR

On October 16 and 17, 1993, Amateur Radio Station VE3SHQ sponsored by the Boy Scouts of Canada HQ on Baseline Road in Ottawa, was host to over 100 visitors. From Beavers to Leaders and parents, all took advantage of this event to visit the station.

The occasion was the 36th Jamboree-On-The-Air (J.O.T.A.). This is the biggest scouting event in the world and is an exceptional way for youths around the world to learn about each other and that they are part of a truly international movement.



This is Boy Scouts of Canada HQ Amateur Radio Club's station VE3SHQ, neat, organized and ready to go on the air. Have you heard or talked to the station yet ?

These two days dedicated to the pursuit of scouting on the air and demonstrating the usefulness and fun of amateur radio required planning and dedication of the scouters looking after the station. The main antenna, a 3 element Cushcraft, had to be taken down for some major repairs earlier in 1993. Some last minute scrambling was required to repair and re-install the antenna. Fortunately, all was back in shape in time for this annual event.

The morning of the 16th, three club operators arrived early and got the station and adjacent rooms set-up with various equipment to be used to communicate with other scouting and private stations participating in the event. Various code keys were on display for the visitors to try their hand at sending morse code.

The station had a steady stream of visitors all day Saturday. Everyone was treated to some good calls. Some visitors were even brave enough to volunteer to say a few words.



Roger Rose, VE3XRR, has station VE3SHQ on the air while looking on and waiting their turn at the microphone are Chris Wiesner, VE3CUZ, and Ron Clement, VE3VWR. Note the QSL cards on the wall behind Ron.

We did not get an overwhelming number of calls since most contacts were rather long but all of them were both entertaining and informative. Over the course of the two days we logged 33 calls, 5 of which were in cw. Of all the countries contacted, a few are worth mentioning:

Hungary (HA0HW & HA3FXK)
Switzerland (HB9SCOUT - the World Scout HQ's station located in Geneva)

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The Ottawa Valley Mobile Radio Club

RAMBLER

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The 1993-1994 OVMRC executive

President: Jerry Wells, VE3CDS, 225-7374
Vice-President: Larry Wilcox, VE3WEH, 747-5565
Treasurer: Richard Adams, VE3EIT, 749-2619
Secretary: Ernie Jury, VE3EJJ 728-3666

Standing committee chairs

Amateur radio exhibit: Cy Webster, VE3SIY, 733-2371
Amateur radio training: Bob Shaw, VE3SUY, 737-9443
Field day: Allan Barnes, VE2TYJ, 746-5994
Flea market: Lorraine Boulay, VE3VAT, 228-7111
Historical: Mike Beausoleil, VE3BGP, 739-8871
Hysterical: Neil Herber, VE3PUE, 829-4668
Membership: See hysterical (don't ask)
Newsletter: Dan Doctor, VE3XDD, 745-9214
Publicity and programs: Dave Champagne, VE3QQQ, 567-9233
Radio operations: Steve Middleton, VE3RUU, 731-6749
Technical: John Pope, VE3ACI, 989-3629

Ramblerites

Contributors to this issue:

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Mark Your Calendar!

Next general meeting:

Thursday, January 20, 1994, at 1930 hours in the auditorium at the National Museum of Science and Technology. Paddy Nicholls, VE3DZZ, with an extensive background in cw, will be make a presentation on his world-wide cw experiences.

Next executive meeting:

Thursday, January 27, 1994, at 1900 hours in the volunteer room at the National Museum of Science and Technology.

Deadline for the next issue of the Rambler:

Thursday, January 27, 1994.

Affiliated clubs

The OVMRC exchanges bulletins with the following organizations:

Augusta Amateur Radio Association, Augusta, ME
Border City Radio Club, Windsor, ON
Chatham-Kent Amateur Radio Club Inc.,
Ridgetown, ON
Calgary Amateur Radio Association, Calgary, AB
Halifax Amateur Radio Club, Halifax, NS
Heritage Amateur Radio Club, Cobourg, ON
Kingston ARC, Kingston, ON
London Amateur Radio Club, London, ON
Ottawa Amateur Radio Club, Ottawa, ON
Pioneer Amateur Radio Club, Nepean, ON
RAC, Kingston, ON
Scarborough Amateur Radio Club, Inc., Scarborough, ON
Seaway Valley Amateur Radio Club, Cornwall, ON
Sudbury Amateur Radio Club, Sudbury, ON
Saskatoon Amateur Radio Club, Saskatoon, SK
Thousand Islands Amateur Radio Association,
Prescott, ON
West Island Amateur Radio Club Inc., Dorval, PQ

Sponsors

The OVMRC provides bulletins to the following organizations for their past support of our activities:
Bytown Marine, Ottawa, ON
Kenwood Electronics Canada Inc., Mississauga, ON
Seaway Communications Co., Cornwall, ON

Ramblings

Wise words from our President, Jerry Wells, VE3CDS



Here we are into a new year and, in my case, back into the president's slot of the Ottawa Valley Mobile Radio Club. I was quite surprised at the number of calls and letters I received asking me to return to the Club's executive. I am pleased to do so and will work to further the activities and increase the appeal of the Club to our members.

First of all let me wish everyone the very best for 1994. I hope each and every one of you look to the new year as a challenge to do something new or different in amateur radio. During the last few years we have seen significant changes in our hobby; it is now quite easy to obtain a licence, one doesn't even need to learn the morse code. We have some members of the club that hold such a licence. I agree that some effort was required to obtain a pass mark on the exam to be granted a licence but that is really a first step into the world of amateur radio. Sure you can get on 2 metres and work the repeaters and some may get into packet radio and bulletinboards but in my opinion the true pleasure of amateur radio has yet to be experienced by those who are limited to those bands above 10 metres. With this in mind we are going to give members of the club opportunities to upgrade their capability and get on the HF bands.

Our program for the balance to this year will provide you with the incentive and, in some cases, the know how to upgrade your licence. We will have good technical presentations on the basics of how to deal with getting on the air, how to put up antennas and hear from some of the experts in the club on how they got started. You can benefit from their experience. I would like to see every amateur with the basic licence establish a goal to upgrade to a higher level. If you have no code, the Club will

provide you with practice tapes at the speed you want. All you need to do is provide a new cassette and tell me what speed you want - any speed between 5 and 12 wpm in one wpm increments. When you feel that you are ready we will give you the code test at no cost if you are a member of the OVMRC.

For those of you that upgrade there will be a special "President's Award" presented to you at the Club's annual meeting in June.

We will also help you make your first cw contact on the air from VE3JW, now that's a good deal for all of the new amateurs that have not yet tried the HF bands. Look at the difference between 2 metres and HF. On 2 metres you can talk to other hams within a radius of 75 miles at best. On HF you can talk to any amateur in the entire world! The thrill of making your first DX contact is unbelievable, especially if you built your own antenna and worked to get the privilege of being able to go on the HF bands. That is the true magic of amateur radio. The computer based systems on VHF will never invoke the sense of achievement one receives when working a DX station on the 20 or 15 metre bands.

I very much look forward to the coming months and I challenge the members to set a goal for upgrade of your licence. See you at the meetings.

Announcing... The OVMRC 1994 Flea Market

The OVMRC Flea Market Chairperson, Lorraine, VE3VAT, has announced that the Club's 1994 Flea Market will be held this year on Saturday, May 14th, at the St. Laurent Arena. Lorraine pointed out that while the arena is large and offers lots of space it is certainly not too early to reserve your table(s) to ensure you get the location you want. Stay tuned for further details as they become available.

Minutes

OVMRC Regular Meeting
16 December, 1993.

Call to Order

Acting President Larry, VE3WEH, called the meeting to order at 1940 hours. He announced that there would not be any door prize tonight, and after the election of a president there would be a social evening under the capable supervision of Sue, VE3SLC.

Visitors

There were no visiting amateurs. The 1994 OVMRC Radio Class was represented by Dan Reardon, who had been licenced a few days earlier as VE3GUU and Ali Meftahi. Peter Holmes of Nepean was also a visitor.

Problems

Doug, VE3CDC, requested the assistance of anyone with DF equipment to help track down a serious QRM problem. There was also a request for the packet address for North Bay, Ontario, which was provided from the floor of the meeting.

Election of President

Larry called upon those candidates who had been nominated for the office of President to confirm their nomination, with the following result:

Ed Sieb, VE3RDZ, accepted
Neil Herber, VE3PUE, declined
Richard Hagemeyer, VE3UNW, not present to declare

Jerry Wells, VE3CDS, accepted
Doug Carswell, VE3ATY, not present to declare

Additional nominations were invited from the floor with none forthcoming. Nominations were

closed and the two candidates were invited to address the meeting.

Ed foresees challenges to Canadian Amateur Radio from commercial interests and competing hobbies. He would like to guide the OVMRC through these growth problems.

If elected, Jerry would like to put more enjoyment into the amateur radio hobby for club members. He wants to tap the wealth of experience available in the older members of the club and he would to hear from all club members as to their views on the direction the club should be taking.

The votes cast were collected and counted by Moe, VE3CTD, and Hans, VE3REL, under the scrutiny of Dave, VE3QQQ. The results were:

Ed Sieb	10 votes
Jerry Wells	70 votes
Spoiled ballots	none

Larry congratulated Jerry on his election and invited him to say a few words. Jerry thanked the club members for the vote of confidence and reminded them that he is counting on them for support. He also thanked Ed Sieb for showing enough interest in the club to stand for election.

Committee Reports

Larry announced that several club name tags had not been picked up. He asked that they be picked up by the next meeting.

Jerry, VE3CDS, reported that 14 students in the OVMRC radio course had passed the 5 wpm code test the previous Tuesday evening.

Lorraine, VE3VAT, reported that the OVMRC flea market will be held in the St. Laurent Arena located at 716 Morin Street on May 14th, 1994. Lorraine indicated that she will be looking for volunteers to help in the set-up and take down of tables, etc., so as to minimize the cost of the arena which is \$31 per hour.

Steve, VE3RUU, is looking for Net Controller for the Sunday morning Pot Hole Net and the Wednesday evening Welcome Mat Net.

Ed Sieb, VE3RDZ, called for preliminary orders for the annual coax cable buy.

Al Barnes, VE2TYJ, reported that the chairman of the newly formed Linking and Hub Interest Group is Tim Eyre, VE3QDX.

Adjournment

The meeting was adjourned at 2035 and was followed by a very enjoyable social gathering in the group lobby.

A Success Story From Scout HQ

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France (F900 & F6BOJ)
Spain (EA7CRL & EA5RCA)
Italy (IK6QRH)
Netherlands (PA3FXK)
England (G3SQX)
Latvia (YL2BD)

A number of Canadian stations - in Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia as well as others from the U.S.A. responded to our calls

One interesting station, VE2DIG/R10, operated from the Olympic Stadium in Montreal and was quite busy. Another station which left us with the feeling it was all worth while was N5XLK in Dallas, Texas. N5XLK is the Boy Scouts of America Club Station.

To all who visited us during J.O.T.A., we hope we were able to satisfy your expectations of what

amateur radio is all about. And we hope you will visit us again next year. If everyone starts passing on the word about our amateur jamboree, we can more than double the number of visitors we welcomed this year.

I want to acknowledge the efforts of Ron Clement, VE3UVR, for getting this event off the ground. There is also the technical efforts of Marcel Tremblay, VE3MNO, who spent countless hours working on the antennas. Many hours were spent on top of the tower where I got a crash course on dismantling and taking down a 3 element antenna.

Chris Wiesner, VE3CUZ, and Wayne Mercer, VE3NFY, assisted with operations on Saturday.

We look forward to seeing you next year and as we say in amateur radio - 73 and Good Scouting.

VE3CNE Invites You To Help

Did you know that amateur radio club across Ontario support VE3CNE, the premier display of amateur radio in Canada ? The station only operates during the Canadian National Exhibition in Toronto from the Better Living Centre.

As you might expect this sort of effort is a major undertaking. The station is organized and maintained by the VE3CNE Committee which is comprised of representatives from most of the amateur radio clubs within easy driving distance of Metropolitan Toronto.

During the 1993 CNE, mid-August to Labour Day, twenty clubs or groups helped staff the station. While it is not feasible for the OVMRC, as a club, to staff VE3CNE, should any club member be in Toronto during the CNE, you are cordially invited to help staff the station - even if it is for only a few hours. The VE3CNE Committee will provide you with a free pass to the Ex for the day on which you would like to help.

You may contact the Committee by writing to them at:
P.O. Box 28588,
Aurora, Ontario,
L4G 6S6

You may also contact the Committee during the exhibition on frequency (sorry we don't have the station's frequency but it is readily available from Toronto area amateurs).

Introducing The "VA3" Prefix

A number of "senior" amateurs who had applied to Industry and Science Canada for a two letter call sign have received notice advising that they have been issued a new call with a "VA3" prefix.

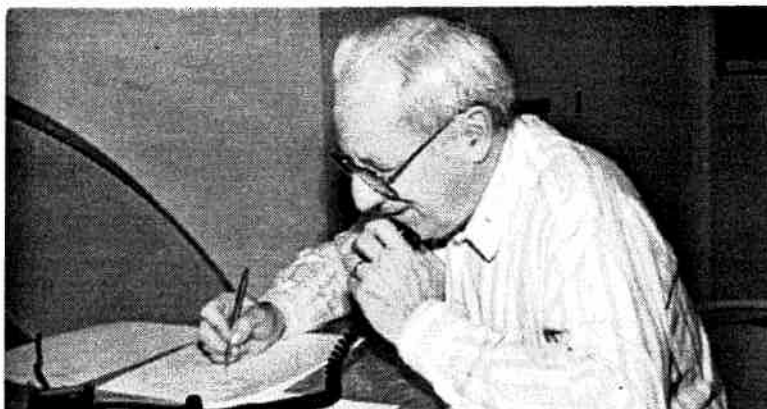
Departmental officials say the issuing of the new VA call signs will, hopefully, relieve some of the pressure on the demand for call signs from new amateurs.

For all those club members who have received new call sign, here is a short list of actions you should take:

- 1) Advise Neil Herber, VE3PUE, our Membership Chairman, of your new call so the club's records can be updated.
- 2) You should arrange to get a new club name tag from Neil Herber, VE3PUE. New name tags must be ordered in person at any of the clubs regular meetings. There is a cost recovery charge of \$6 for a new name tag.
- 3) If you purchased a club windbreaker and it has your "old" call sign on the front of it and you would like to have it changed to your new call, contact Moe, VE3CTD or Len, VE3LPH. There will be a cost recovery charge for this work.

Kids Talk To Santa & His Helpers

Seventy-two young visitors to the Museum of Science and Technology got the thrill of a lifetime on Sunday, December 5th when they talked to Santa Claus via 2 metre radio. Santa Claus, or look-alike Joe, VE2JHT, (top, centre, below) talked with the children with the very able assistance of radio elves Larry, VE3WEH (right, below), Steve, VE3RUU, (left, below) and Jerry, VE3CDS, (centre, bottom). The radio elves wandered through the museum offering children the opportunity to speak with merry old Saint Nick. The seventy-two children who did speak with Santa were given an attractive certificate validating that they had had a conversation with Santa.



Letters To The Editor

Bill, VE3NR, writes...

I was never any good at banging rocks but I think I have done enough in radio to say a bit on "The Evolutionary Crisis in Ham Radio" which appeared in the November Rambler.

Eligibility requirements which limit access to every radio service in the world have been established by all countries participating in the International Telecommunications Union (ITU). The reasons for them vary from technical and operational through political to the most frivolous that one could possibly imagine.

The eligibility requirements for holding an amateur station licence in Canada are, without doubt, the most rational and reasonable in the world today. What other country allows an amateur with only basic skills to build and operate an amateur television repeater such as described by Bill Westbrook, VE3EKA, at our November meeting without getting approval from their regulatory body? His proposal was as professional and forward-thinking as one might see in any other radio service!

Put another way, the privileges granted a Canadian amateur with only basic qualifications far exceed those granted to any other class of licence holder in Canada, bar none. The licenced "basic" amateur can: use any of 19 bands from 50MHz to 250GHz; use unlimited bandwidth in all but 5 of those bands; radiate power in any direction using antennas with no limit on power gain, and use any technology that one can conceive. All one must do is keep within the band and, where the band is shared with another radio service, not cause

interference to it. We all know the basic certificate eligibility requirements; they are not difficult to meet.

Bear in mind that about 95% of Canada's non-amateur radio communications take place on frequencies above 30 MHz. Judging by the material I have received from Canadian amateurs and used in briefs on their behalf to the Department, over 50% of amateur communications takes place on frequencies above 30MHz. So the restructuring that was implemented a few years ago was done to recognize some pretty significant trends.

And Canada is able to do this for one simple reason - propagation. There is an ITU radio regulation that allows a country to use radio any way it wishes so long as it does not interfere with radio used by another country in accordance with the ITU regulations. Above 30 MHz the short range characteristic of propagation means that this is relatively easy to do. There is a much reduced probability of causing interference to neighbouring countries. Because the amateurs of Canada and the U.S.A. have demonstrated that they can cooperate and coordinate frequency usage along the borders in the bands above 30 MHz, it is reasonable to relax the eligibility requirements and augment the privileges. So it was done!

Below 30MHz very different propagation conditions prevail. At times a station's coverage can be world-wide and thus countries do not have the freedom that they have above 30MHz. All usage has to be internationally agreed too and

regulated. Compromise solutions to spectrum problems abound. A country, to get what it wants in one part of the spectrum or regulations, may have to give ground in another. Those who took part in the 1959 Administrative Radio Conference knew that morse code use was on the way out, not only in the amateur service but in all other radio services. Today the ITU is almost there; code used to be a bargaining point for some countries but it will not be for much longer now. One that may hang in for a lot longer is the ridiculous banned country legislation.

Canada has always lived by the ITU radio regulations and we have done pretty well, if everything is taken into account. That is why we have the code "qualifications" today for those who want to operate below 30 MHz. Some countries do not live by all the ITU regulations. Above 30 MHz we in Canada are well into the 21st century as far as eligibility and privileges are concerned. So let's not blame the "rock-bangers" for the retention of the code qualification even though they get a little chippy when no-code is mentioned.

Mike, VE2TRV, in Montreal, writes...

Despite some sound arguments, there still are amateurs who insist that other amateurs not holding a cw licence are poor operators, or to use the age-old term, LIDs. Need I remind some of the hate-mongers that the term LID was coined in "the good old days", way back when everybody had to pass code. There must have been some cw-capable LIDs at the time in order to justify the term. And

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Electronic Freeway...

Phenominal Growth In Internet

The December 6, 1993, edition of Time magazine has a feature article on "Internet" which should be of interest to the large number of amateurs who are involved with packet, bulletin boards and other information nets.

The article traces the origin of computer-communications networks in 1964 by Paul Baran of the Rand Corp. up to today's phenominal growth of this electronic communications freeway. Internet now circles the globe with some 20 million users.

The Time article points out that no one owns Internet and no single organization controls its use. In the mid-1980s the U.S. National Science Foundation built the high-speed long-distance data lines that form Internet's American backbone. The major costs of running the network are shared in a cooperative arrangement by its primary users: universities, national labs, high tech corporations and foreign governments.

After removal of restrictions against the networks commercial use and, later, the U.S. governments announcement to expand Internet into a grander concept called National Information Infrastructure, "Internet was the place to be". Millions of people around the world are logging on to tap into libraries, call up satellite weather photos, download

free computer programs and participate in discussion groups with everyone from lawyers to physicists to sadomasochists. However, problems do arise selecting what to tune into as there are some 5,000 discussion groups, or over 2,500 electronic newsletters, or tens of thousands of computers with files to share.

Old-timers who use the net say it does take a little time to sort things out but once you do using the net is easy. However, you must learn a new language (like UNIX), new forms of address (like prime minister @ parliament buildings. gov) and you must master a whole new set of rules for how to behave, called "Netiquette".

With all its variety, Internet users are not impressed by television's promise of a 500 channel future. The Internet already delivers 10,000 channels, and the only obstacle that prevents it from carrying live TV pictures is the bandwidth of the data lines. As the traffic builds and the billboards go up, changes in the Internet abound. The period ahead is one of uncertainty for the Internet. It is however, a rare opportunity for people to shape their own technological destiny. While it may be difficult for communities as diverse as those on the Internet to set their own agenda, it seems increasingly likely that if they don't, someone else will do it for them.

Letters To The Editor

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most of those must have been under-welcomed newcomers. The more thing change, the more they remain the same. But one major difference exists: then, a LID was a poor operator. Apart from being a newcomer, there was no excuse to call anyone a LID other than actually being a poor

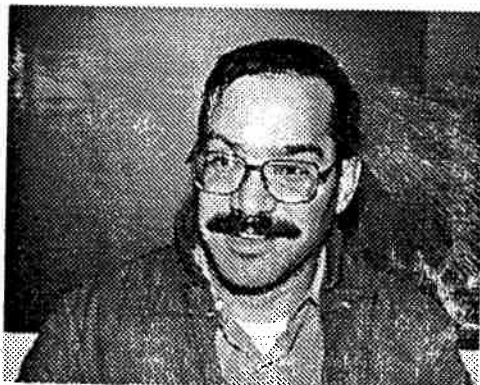
operator: now there is.

Such discrimination is not new. It happens in the classroom at grade school; and it can happen in the office at work, even with one's friends. Radio amateurs are just plain people holding special operating licences. The sad thing is that they bring

their prejudices and intolerance into a domain where, according to all established ethics, there should not be any. Maybe the term LID should include those not respecting those ethics. Poor operating skills can be easily remedied with guidance and patience. Bad attitudes are much more difficult to eliminate.

Potpourri

A sampling of news and comments from newsletters and newspapers from across the country - written by Jacques Choquette.



Ottawa ARC..

Some notes on nickel-metal-hydride batteries - the successor to ni-cads. Here are some pro's and con's about these new batteries; Pro's: 35% greater energy, more capacity in smaller size, slower discharge rate, longer time between charges, smaller threat to nature. Con's: more expensive, require charging by special ICs.

Kingston...

Be aware that if your deviation is too great, distortion of your voice will occur. This will also impair autopatch, linking and packet operation. Adjustments to deviation, power output and other levels are not always properly set by the manufacturers.

Mention was made of VE3ABC who takes his motorhome into the woods every autumn. While parked in the bush, if required, he can act as a communication link in cases of emergency. This past fall he was used to pass a message to a man that his wife was in grave condition in hospital.

London...

A letter noting how amateur radio could be productive for a

all of one's life. The hobby gave as much as any effort the person put into it. Humourously, he mentioned what he had purchased so far (multiple choice):

1. Finest equipment \$\$ could buy (wife's opinion)
2. Somewhat affordable and suitable equipment for his purposes (he spent too much)
3. He got all the wrong "stuff" (fellow ham who has been licenced for 1 week)

Halifax...

Listed were the 12 beacons put up by St. Mary's University hams. These and others from around the world can be found in repeater directories. These can be useful for antenna tests, propagation, etc.

West Island, Montreal...

The editor of this newsletter added a note to an article about jammers which is appropriate to all. He mentions that the prime message we should understand is that regardless of the persistence or annoyance factor brought to the airwaves by malicious jammers, do not allow it to breakdown the fraternal quality that exists among us licenced amateurs.

Japan...

If you think our amateur radio licencing system is complicated, check out the system used in Japan.

Class 4: no code, all frequencies except 10 and 14 Mhz, all modes except cw, 10 W or less.

Class 3: 5 wpm, same frequencies as class 4, all modes, 25W.

Class 2: 9 wpm, all modes and

frequencies, 100W or less, more difficult electronic/radio theory exam.

Class 1: 12 wpm, all modes and frequencies, 100W or more and 10 wpm of Japanese morse code. The other code tests are International Morse.

Saskatoon from VE5SZU...

As most repeater users know, some repeaters are club owned while others are owned by individuals. This applies not only to voice repeaters but to those used for linking and packet. Some have phone patches, some do not.

More than the people involved with repeaters use them. In fact there are some users who use repeaters more than those who have installed and maintain them. I would like to ask all of the users about the cost of setting up repeaters and the payment of monthly telephone bills. I am sure that not many repeater owners would refuse donations for maintaining such systems and paying phone bills. This, in no way, is meant to discourage use of repeaters or phone patches -no payment is required for their use - but let this serve as a reminder that someone is paying for electricity and for phone lines. Any financial help would be appreciated.

So if you are a user and would like to make a donation - give the club treasurer or repeater owner a call.

An Ode To CW Forever

Written by Jim Hatherley, WALTBY

You must have, at times, thought into the past
Where some things go out, while others last.
What comes to mind is the old morse code
That has weathered the storms from any abode.

To talk with one's fingers is surely an art
Of any info you care to impart.
In most conditions the signals get through
While the same about phone is simply not true.

Those dits and dahs cut through the trash
Of nearby noise or lightning crash.
To the sensitive ears of ham receivers
That records this data with ardent fever.

He knows he's doing something unique
In such poor conditions, that's quite a feat!
To roger the message that came off the air
These "rock-bangers" sure do have a flair.

They say morse ops are a dying breed
But don't despair, there's always the need.
When conditions get rough for the new automation
Rest assured there'll be a need for your station.

CW is dying - believe it never
This mode will be 'round forever and ever.
But one thing is sure - what we really need
Is to pass on our knowledge to the younger breed.

To carry the torch long after we're gone
To send morse code through the air like a song.
When at last, silent keys pull that final lever
We can rest in peace - IT'S CW FOREVER !

Home Brew Night - Coming Soon

In response to a number of members, the club's executive is planning to have a "home brew" night early in the new year. Now is the time to review the items you have made that are a little different which you can transport and show at a club meeting. More details on this as they become available.

Six More Of Murphy's Laws

1. In any field of endeavour, anything that can go wrong, will go wrong.
2. Left to themselves, things always go from bad to worse.
3. If there is a possibility of several things going wrong, the one that will go wrong is the one that will do the most damage.
4. Nature always sides with the hidden flaw.
5. Mother nature is a witch.
6. If everything seems to be going well, you have obviously overlooked something.

Letter Of Commendation

On Friday, October 30th, I tuned in to the OVMRC Wise Owl Net. During the net some willful and malicious interference was heard and it lasted quite some time into the net. Leo, VE3NVL, was the Net Controller.

I wish to commend, very highly, Leo's performance on the net and the excellent control he exercised during the situation which prevailed. He very calmly continued his control of the net, never for a moment letting on that the intruder was being successful in disrupting communications. Inasmuch as the intruder persisted maliciously, Leo calmly terminated the net.

From my humble point of view, this is an excellent example of proper behaviour during such occurrences. A job well done Leo ! I hope everyone who was listening took note of "how to do it" for it is the behaviour that the ISC highly recommends.

Respectfully yours,

Maurice-Andre, VE3VIG

OVMRC Xmas Social Hour



OVMRC Xmas Social Hour

